

Time–Pitch Isomorphisms in *Die Walküre*

Sam Bivens

Cleveland Institute of Music

sambivens@gmail.com

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The image displays a musical score for the opening of Act II, Scene 4 of Wagner's *Die Walküre*, specifically measures 152/4/1 to 152/5/6. The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is G major (one sharp) and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system is labeled 'FATE' and the second is labeled 'THE ANNUNCIATION OF DEATH'. The first system shows a vocal line with notes marked 'x' and 'y' and a piano accompaniment with triplets. The second system shows a vocal line with notes marked 'x' and 'y' and a piano accompaniment with chords and moving lines.

EXAMPLE 1: Opening of Act II, Scene 4, 152/4/1–152/5/6 (mm. 1462–1473)

* The paper, handout, and slideshow are all available at <https://www.sambivens.com/research>. Please include a direct link when citing this paper; a sample is given in the bibliography. Measure numbers are in reference to the widely available Schirmer vocal score, arranged by Karl Klindworth, in the format page/system/measure. Thus 152/4/1 indicates the first measure on the fourth system of page 152.

f#: i Ger₅⁷⁻⁶ i₄⁶ ii₅⁷⁻⁶ ii₅⁷ FrV₃⁴ I⁽⁸⁾⁻⁷

EXAMPLE 2: Voice-leading reduction of the initial ANNUNCIATION OF DEATH *Leitmotiv*, 152/5/3–152/5/6 (mm. 1470–1473)

Grüsst mich in Wal - hall froh ei - ne
Frau? Wunsch - mäd - chen

D: V⁷
D^b: Ger₅⁺⁶ I₄

EXAMPLE 3: First enharmonic reinterpretation of V⁷, 156/4/3–157/1/2 (mm. 1561–1566)

um-fängt Sieg - mund Sieg - lin - de dort? Er-den-

luft muss sie noch ath-men: Sieg-lin - de sieht Sieg-mund dort nicht.

e: V^7
 $d\sharp$: Ger^{+6}_5 V^6_4

EXAMPLE 4: Second enharmonic reinterpretation of V^7 , 158/1/3–158/3/1 (mm. 1591–1600)

So grüß - se mir Wal - hall, grüß - se mir
Wo - tan, grüß-se mir Wäl-se und al - le Hel - den,

f#: V7 e#: i₄
e#: Ger*₅ C#: iii₄ V⁷ I

EXAMPLE 5: Third enharmonic reinterpretation of V^7 , 158/4/2–158/5/2 (mm. 1607–1613)

m. 104 (end) m. 138 (end) m. 151 (beat 3)
x y z

FIGURE 1: Bassline motivic parallelism with enharmonic dominant seventh resolutions

Point	Schirmer Measure	Calibrated Measure	Libretto Text	Time Point
<i>p</i>	Beginning of 152/4/1	Beginning of m. 1	n/a	0
<i>x</i>	End of 157/1/1	End of m. 104	Wunsch mädchen	104
<i>y</i>	End of 158/2/5	End of m. 138	Siegmund dort nicht .	138
<i>z</i>	Beat 3 of 158/5/1	Beat 3 of m. 151	Wälse und alle	150.5
<i>q</i>	End of 159/1/1	End of m. 156	zu ihnen	156

TABLE 1: Outer boundaries (*p* and *q*) and completed motivic parallelism appearances (*x*, *y*, and *z*) matched with measure numbers and the libretto

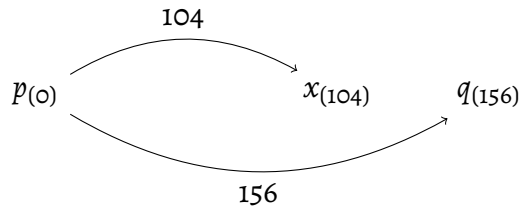


FIGURE 2: Conceptual-time network relating time-points p , x , and q

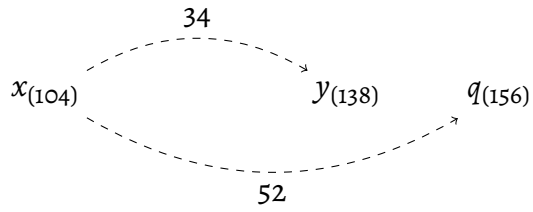


FIGURE 3: Conceptual-time network relating time-points x , y , and q

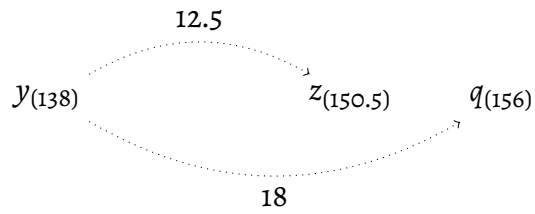


FIGURE 4: Conceptual-time network relating time-points y , z , and q

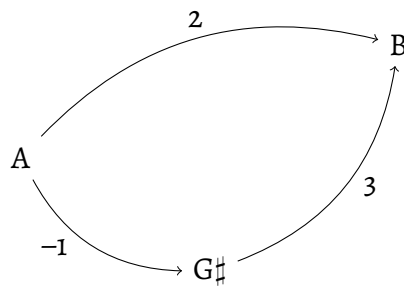


FIGURE 5: Reproduction of Figure 8.7.b from Lewin (1987, 185)

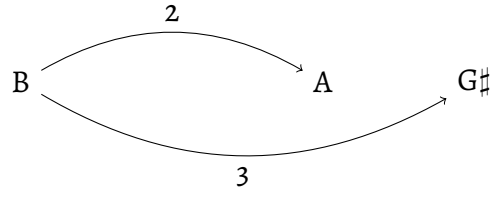
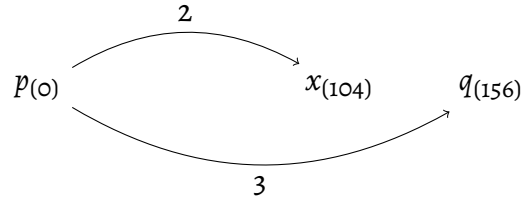
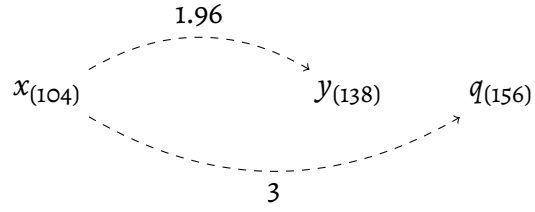


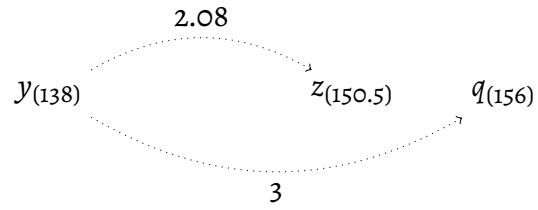
FIGURE 6: Revised network of Figure 5



(A) Revised Figure 2



(B) Revised Figure 3



(C) Revised Figure 4

FIGURE 7: Revised networks of Figures 2–4

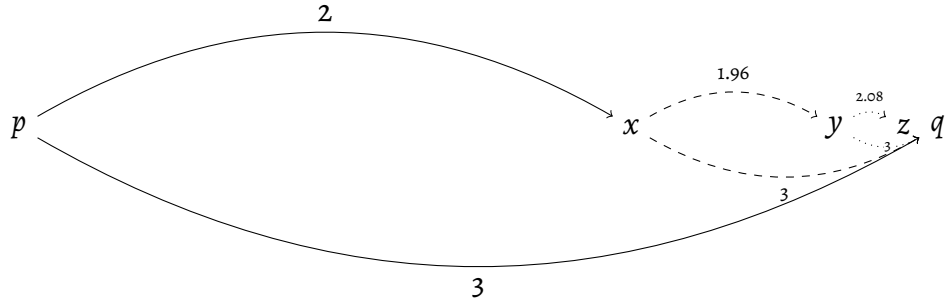


FIGURE 8: Nested conceptual-time networks in mm. 1462–1617 (some labels omitted for clarity)

Point	Schirmer Measure	Calibrated Measure	Libretto Text	Time Point
<i>a</i>	Beginning of 172/5/1	Beginning of m. 1	n/a	0
<i>b</i>	Beginning of 175/4/1	Beginning of m. 66	n/a	247
<i>c</i>	Beginning of 177/1/3	Beginning of m. 94	Wehwalt!	359
<i>d</i>	Beginning of 180/3/4	Beginning of m. 144	n/a	554
<i>e</i>	Beat 2 of 183/5/4	Beat 2 of m. 213	n/a	831

TABLE 2: Outer boundaries (*a* and *e*) and select dramatic events (*b*, *c*, and *d*) of Act II, Scene 5

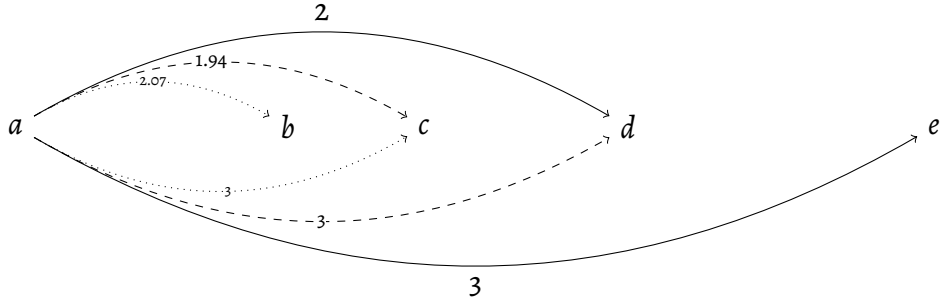


FIGURE 9: Nested conceptual-time networks in Act II, Scene 5 (some labels omitted for clarity)

The musical score is written for voice and piano. The vocal line is in the bass clef, and the piano accompaniment consists of two staves (treble and bass clefs). The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The lyrics are in German: "Zu - rück vor dem" and "In Stü-cken das Schwert!". The piano part includes several programmatic annotations in boxes: "THE SWORD" and "THE SPEAR" appear above the right-hand piano staff, while "LIGHTNING?" and "THE VOLSUNG RACE" appear above the left-hand piano staff. The score includes various musical notations such as rests, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, triplets, and sixteenth-note runs. Specific time signatures for the piano part are indicated as 180/1/3, 180/2/3, and 180/3/4.

Zu - rück vor dem

In Stü-cken das Schwert!

THE SWORD

180/1/3

THE SPEAR

180/2/3 LIGHTNING?

THE VOLSUNG RACE

180/3/4

EXAMPLE 6: Siegmund's death, 180/1/1–180/4/1 (mm. 1986–1997)

Producer	Conductor	Orchestra	Year	Moment of Death
Patrice Chéreau	Pierre Boulez	Bayreuth	1980	ca. 181/5/1 (m. 2023)
Nikolaus Lehnhoff	Wolfgang Sawallisch	Bavarian State Opera	1989	ca. 181/3/2 (m. 2014)
Otto Schenk	James Levine	Metropolitan Opera	1989	ca. 180/3/1 (m. 1993)
Harry Kupfer	Daniel Barenboim	Bayreuth	1992	180/3/4 (m. 1996)
Robert Lepage	James Levine	Metropolitan Opera	2011	181/5/1 (m. 2023)
Frank Castorf	Marek Janowski	Bayreuth	2016	ca. 180/4/2 (m. 1998)

TABLE 3: Interpretations of Siegmund’s death in six productions

Point	Ratio (to 3)	Difference (from 3)	Fuzziness
Act II, Scene 4			
p	n/a	n/a	$\nearrow$ <i>increasing</i>
x	2	0	
y	1.96	0.04	
z	2.08	0.08	
q	n/a	n/a	
Act II, Scene 5			
a	n/a	n/a	$\searrow$ <i>decreasing</i>
b	2.07	0.07	
c	1.94	0.06	
d	2	0	
e	n/a	n/a	

TABLE 4: Changes in conceptual-network fuzziness in Scenes 4 and 5

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